



NorthX Nickel Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") supplements but does not form part of the unaudited condensed interim financial statements and the notes thereto for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 (collectively referred to hereafter as the "financial statements").

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated. Other information contained in this document has been prepared by management and is consistent with the information contained in the financial statements.

The Company's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that the financial statements and MD&A do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated, or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made. The Company's certifying officers certify that the financial statements together with the other financial information included in the filings fairly present, in all material respects, the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the Company as of the date of, and for the periods presented in the filings.

In this MD&A, "NorthX", the "Company", or the words "we", "us", or "our", collectively refer to NorthX Nickel Corp. The first, second, third, and fourth quarters of the Company's fiscal years are referred to as "Q1", "Q2", "Q3", and "Q4", respectively. The year-to-date periods ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 are referred to as "YTD 2026" and "YTD 2025", respectively.

The Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors provide an oversight role with respect to all public financial disclosures by the Company. The Board of Directors approves the financial statements and MD&A after the completion of its review and recommendation for approval by the Audit Committee, which meets periodically to review all financial reports, prior to filing.

The following MD&A has been prepared by management, in accordance with the requirements of NI 51-102 as of May 28, 2026.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this document constitute "forward-looking statements". All statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this MD&A, including, without limitation, those regarding the Company's future financial position and results of operations, strategy, proposed acquisitions, plans, objectives, goals and targets, and any statements preceded by, followed by or that include the words "believe", "expect", "aim", "intend", "plan", "continue", "will", "may", "would", "anticipate", "estimate", "forecast", "predict", "project", "seek", "should" or similar expressions or the negative thereof, are forward-looking statements. These statements are not historical facts but instead represent only the Company's expectations, estimates and projections regarding future events. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve assumptions, risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual results may differ materially from what is expressed, implied, or forecasted in such forward-looking statements.

Additional factors that could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially include, but are not limited to risks associated with: geological risks; limited operating history; inability to generate earnings or pay dividends for the foreseeable future; uncertain ability to raise additional funds when required; reliance on a small number of key managers lacking backup; potential conflicts of interest among directors and officers of the Company; lack of liquidity for shareholders of the Company; ability to secure needed permits; ability to physically access and work the Company's property assets due to poor weather; a potential lack of key contract personnel and services providers needed to execute elements of the Company's exploration plans; and market risk consisting of fluctuations in the Company's share price, metal prices, credit market conditions; and investor appetite for early stage exploration companies.

Management provides forward-looking statements because they believe such statements deliver useful guidance and information to readers when considering their investment objectives. Though management believes such statements to be as accurate as possible in the context of the information available to management at the time in which they are made, management cautions readers that the guidance and information contained in such statements may rapidly be superseded by subsequent events. Consequently, all of the forward-looking statements made in this MD&A are qualified by these cautionary statements and other cautionary statements or factors contained herein, and there can be no assurance that the actual results or developments suggested by such forward-looking statement will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected results, or effects upon, the Company. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this MD&A and the Company assumes no obligation to update or revise them to reflect subsequent information, events or circumstances or otherwise, except as required by law.

The forward-looking statements in this MD&A are based on numerous assumptions regarding the Company's present and future business strategies and the environment in which the Company will operate in the future, including assumptions regarding business and operating strategies.

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The disclosure relating to deposits and mineral resource estimates in this MD&A and referred to herein was prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") which differs from the requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The terms "measured mineral resource", "indicated mineral resource" and "inferred mineral resource" used in this MD&A are in reference to the mining terms defined in the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum Standards (the "CIM Definition Standards"), which definitions have been adopted by NI 43-101. Accordingly, information contained in this MD&A providing descriptions of our mineral deposits in accordance with NI 43-101 may not be comparable to similar information made public by other U.S. companies subject to the United States federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder.

Investors are cautioned not to assume that any part or all mineral resources will ever be converted into reserves. Pursuant to CIM Definition Standards, "inferred mineral resources" are that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality are estimated based on limited geological evidence and sampling. Such geological evidence is sufficient to imply but not verify geological and grade or quality continuity. An inferred mineral resource has a lower level of confidence than that applying to an indicated mineral resource and must not be converted to a mineral reserve. However, it is reasonably expected that the majority of inferred mineral resources could be upgraded to indicated mineral resources with continued exploration. Under Canadian rules, estimates of inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in rare cases. Investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource is economically or legally mineable.

QUALIFIED PERSON

The Company's disclosure of a technical or scientific nature in this Report has been reviewed and approved by Adree DeLazzer P. Geo. a Qualified Person ("QP") (as defined in National Instrument 43-101, "Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects").

DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS

NorthX Nickel Corp. ("NorthX" or the "Company") is engaged in the exploration of mineral claims located in Québec and Ontario, Canada. The Company was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia on October 26, 2018.

On May 1, 2024, the Company changed its name from Archer Exploration Corp. to NorthX Nickel Corp. and concurrently began trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "Exchange") under the new symbol "NIX", replacing its former symbol "RCHR", under which it had traded since February 11, 2021.

The Company's registered and records office is located at 1200 Waterfront Centre, 200 Burrard Street, Vancouver, BC, V7X 1T2.

As at March 31, 2026, the Company had no active subsidiaries.

In December 2024, the Company entered into an agreement whereby Magna Mining Inc. ("Magna") will acquire the Company's portfolio of nickel and base metal assets located in the Sudbury Basin ("Sudbury Properties"). The assets and liabilities relating to this agreement were classified as held for sale as at December 31, 2024.

On July 21, 2025, the Company completed the sale of all property, assets, rights, and obligations related to its Sudbury Properties to Magna pursuant to the definitive asset purchase agreement dated December 18, 2024. As part of the transaction, Magna assumed all liabilities associated with the Sudbury Properties, including the Broken Hammer Project Mine Closure Plan. The Company paid \$500,000 to Magna in connection with this obligation. Magna also assumed responsibilities related to joint venture operations, NSR royalty payments, and annual work commitments. On July 31, 2025, the irrevocable standby letter of credit in the amount of \$481,629, originally posted in favour of the Ontario Ministry of Mines on February 28, 2024, was fully released and returned to the Company following the completion of the sale to Magna.

Costs relating to the acquisition and claim maintenance of exploration and evaluation assets (including option payments and annual fees to maintain the property in good standing) are capitalized and deferred by property until the project to which they relate is sold, abandoned, impaired, or placed into production.

The Company's cash flows from operations are negative, and its level of expenditures is dependent on debt and equity to finance its exploration operations.

NORTHX NICKEL CORP.**Management's Discussion and Analysis**For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

As at March 31, 2026, current assets were \$942,046 (December 31, 2025 - \$1,114,818) and current liabilities were \$118,677 (December 31, 2025 - \$94,927), resulting in working capital of \$823,369 (December 31, 2025 - \$1,019,891).

As at March 31, 2026, the Company had total assets of \$4,573,761 (December 31, 2025 - \$4,654,369), which is comprised of \$874,808 of cash (December 31, 2025 - \$1,062,234), receivables of \$28,225 (December 31, 2025 - \$6,747), prepaid expenses of \$39,013 (December 31, 2025 - \$45,837), exploration and evaluation assets of \$3,594,897 (December 31, 2025 - \$3,502,315), property and equipment of \$8,068 (December 31, 2025 - \$8,486) and other assets of \$28,750 (December 31, 2025 - \$28,750).

As at March 31, 2026, the Company had total liabilities of \$118,677 (December 31, 2025 - \$94,927), which was comprised of trade and other payables of \$118,677 (December 31, 2025 - \$94,927).

SALE OF SUDBURY PROPERTIES MAGNA

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MASON RESOURCES STRATEGIC INVESTMENT

On May 14, 2024, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 9,479,166 units of the Company ("Units") at a price of \$0.24 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$2,275,000 (the "Offering"). Pursuant to the Offering, Mason Resources Inc. ("Mason") invested \$1,000,000 in the Company and subscribed for 4,166,667 Units (the "Strategic Investment"). The Strategic Investment represents a 14.4% ownership interest in the Common Shares on a non-diluted basis and 25.2% on a partially diluted basis assuming the exercise in full of the warrants issued to Mason.

In connection with the Strategic Investment, the Company entered into an investor rights agreement (the "Mason Investor Rights Agreement"). Pursuant to the Mason Investor Rights Agreement, so long as Mason holds at least 10% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares, it will have pre-emptive rights and top-up rights.

In addition, Mason has agreed to restrict its exercise of any warrants if doing so would result in Mason owning or controlling more than 19.9% of the then issued and outstanding Common Shares. Additionally, Mason has the right to designate two directors to the Board (the "Mason Nomination Right"), with the current nominees being Mr. Simon Marcotte and Ms. Adree DeLazzer. The Mason Nomination Right will decrease to one nominee in the event that it holds 5% or more (but less than 10%) of the issued and outstanding Common Shares on a non-diluted basis. Mason's head office is located at 120 Adelaide Street West, Suite 1410, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

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NICKEL ASSETS**Graspet Project, Québec**

The Graspet Project is a resource-exploration stage Ni-Cu-Co-PGM project located in the James Bay territory in Nord-du-Québec administrative region of the province of Québec, Canada, approximately 55 kilometres west-northwest of the city of Mattagami and 170 kilometres north of the town of Amos. The Graspet Project consists of 153 claims blocks and an aggregate area of 81.81 km² in the Northern part of the Abitibi Region. The Company owns a 100% interest in the Graspet Project, subject to a 2% underlying NSR royalty.

The Property is 23 km long stretching SE-NW and covering the Graspet Ultramafic Complex ("GUC") that is made up of a mix of volcanic, intrusive and sub-intrusive rocks of mainly ultramafic composition. The GUC ultramafics are in contact with an abundance of sulphur-rich sediments and volcanics. Assimilation of sulphur by the ultramafic magma is the main process that precedes precipitation and concentration of nickel-rich sulphides at the base of the ultramafic rocks. The GUC is located at the extreme northern edge of the Abitibi Craton, which, in this area, is in contact with the Opatika Craton. The vast majority of nickel mining camps are located at the edge of major cratons or at inter-craton boundaries.

The Graspet Deposit, discovered in 2012, comprises two subparallel mineralized horizons (H1 and H3) of disseminated to locally semi-massive to massive sulphide mineralization located at the southeastern end of the Graspet Ultramafic Complex. An initial mineral resource estimate and preliminary metallurgical testing results was published by the former owners, Balmoral Resources Ltd. ("Balmoral"), in early 2016 and an updated resource estimate was published by Wallbridge in late 2021 (the "Resource Estimate"), which was comprised of 5,512,000 tonnes grading 1.53% NiEq Indicated and 217,000 tonnes grading 1.01% NiEq Inferred. The bulk of the resources was tabulated within the H3 horizon; the H1 horizon hosting less than 2% of the resources.

2021 Graspet Resource Estimate (November 2021)^{(1),(2)}:**Indicated**

>0.80% NiEq	Tonnes	NiEq (%)	Ni (%)	Cu (%)	Co (%)	Pt (g/t)	Pd (g/t)	Contained NiEq (t)	Contained Ni (t)	Contained Cu (t)	Contained Co (t)	Contained Pt (oz)	Contained Pd (oz)
Horizon 1	89,200	1.00	0.82	0.09	0.03	0.15	0.33	900	700	100	20	400	1,000
Horizon 3	5,422,700	1.54	1.22	0.13	0.03	0.26	0.64	83,300	66,400	7,300	1,400	45,400	112,200
Total	5,512,000	1.53	1.22	0.13	0.03	0.26	0.64	84,200	67,100	7,400	1,400	45,800	113,100

Inferred

>0.80% NiEq	Tonnes	NiEq (%)	Ni (%)	Cu (%)	Co (%)	Pt (g/t)	Pd (g/t)	Contained NiEq (t)	Contained Ni (t)	Contained Cu (t)	Contained Co (t)	Contained Pt (oz)	Contained Pd (oz)
Horizon 1	13,600	0.95	0.78	0.09	0.02	0.14	0.32	100	100	10	3	100	100
Horizon 3	203,500	1.01	0.83	0.09	0.02	0.15	0.34	2,100	1,700	200	40	1,000	2,200
Total	217,100	1.01	0.83	0.09	0.02	0.15	0.34	2,200	1,800	200	43	1,000	2,400

- (1) The Resource Estimate is based on a 0.80% NiEq cut-off grade. The independent and qualified person for the Resource Estimate, as defined by NI 43-101, is Carl Pelletier, P.Geo. (InnovExplo Inc.). The effective date of the Graspet 2021 Resource Estimate is November 9, 2021. These mineral resources are not mineral reserves as they do not have demonstrated economic viability. The Resource Estimate follows 2014 CIM Definition Standards and the 2019 CIM MRMR Best Practice Guidelines. Two mineralized zones were modelled in 3D using a minimum true width of 3.0 m. Density values are interpolated from density databases, capped at 4.697 g/cm³. High-grade capping was done on raw assay data and established on a per zone basis for nickel (15.00%), copper (5.00%), platinum (5.00 g/t) and palladium (8.00 g/t). Composites (1-m) were calculated within the zones using the grade of the adjacent material when assayed or a value of zero when not assayed. The Resource Estimate was completed using a block model in GEMS (v.6.8) using 5m x 5m x 5m blocks. Grade interpolation (Ni, Cu, Co, Pt, Pd, Au and Ag) was obtained by ID2 using hard boundaries. Results in NiEq were calculated after interpolation of the individual metals. The Resource Estimate is categorized as indicated and inferred based on drill spacing, geological and grade continuity. A maximum distance to the closest composite of 50 m was used for indicated mineral resources and 100 m for the inferred mineral resources. The criterion of reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction was met by having constraining volumes applied to any blocks (potential underground extraction scenario) using DSO and by the application of a cut-off grade of 0.80% NiEq. Cut-off calculations used: Mining = \$65.00/t; Maintenance = \$10.00/t; G&A = \$20.00/t; Processing = \$42.00/t. The cut-off grades should be re-evaluated in light of future prevailing market conditions (metal prices, exchange rate, mining cost, etc.). The NiEq formula used a USD:CAD exchange rate of 1.31, a nickel price of US\$6.95/lb, a copper price of US\$3.33/lb, a cobalt price of US\$17.06/lb, a platinum price of US\$984.85/oz, and a palladium price of US\$2,338.47/oz.

Gold and silver do not contribute to the economics of the deposit. Results are presented undiluted and in-situ. Ounce (troy) = metric tons x grade / 31.10348. Metric tons and ounces were rounded to the nearest hundred. Metal contents are presented in ounces and pounds. Any discrepancies in the totals are due to rounding effects; rounding followed the recommendations in NI 43-101. The QP is not aware of any known environmental, permitting, legal, title-related, taxation, socio-political, marketing or other relevant issue that could materially affect the Resource Estimate.

- (2) The quantity and grade of reported inferred resources in the Resource Estimate are uncertain in nature and there has been insufficient exploration to define these inferred resources as an indicated or measured mineral resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in upgrading them to an indicated or measured mineral resource category.

NICKEL ASSETS (continued)

Drilling in 2018-2019 by Balmoral discovered another significant zone of nickel mineralization in the Central GUC prospect, located approximately 7 kilometres to the northwest of the Grasset deposit. The nickel sulphide mineralization exhibits classic sulphide segregation/settling textures grading down sequence from disseminated, to net-textured matrix, to massive sulphide, over widths of 5 to 20 metres. The broadest mineralized interval intersected to date was in drill hole FAB-18-58, which returned 7.58 metres grading 1.05% Ni, 0.31% Cu, 0.05% Co, 0.20 g/t Pt and 0.48 g/t Pd that included a 0.65metres thick basal massive sulphide zone grading 4.14% Ni, 0.26% Cu, 0.18% Co, 1.9 g/t Pt and 0.89 g/t Pd.

Very limited Ni-focused exploration has been carried out away from the immediate Grasset resource and Central GUC prospect areas where several untested, or partially tested coincident magnetic/conductivity anomalies have been delineated, demonstrating excellent potential for further significant Ni-Cu-Co-PGE discoveries. No work was completed on the property following Wallbridge's acquisition of Balmoral in May 2020.

Exploration Program - Grasset

On June 15, 2023, the Company provided an update on its 2023 winter drilling program at its Grasset Nickel Project located in the Abitibi Greenstone Belt of Quebec, Canada. A new high-grade nickel-PGM zone, now called "H1X", was discovered at depth on the south-east extension of the H1 mineralized horizon:

- GR23-03 intersected 1.82% Ni over 4.60 metres, including 5.75% Ni over 0.60 metres at a depth of 330 metres below surface
- The 4.60 metre interval includes 0.95 g/t Pd and 0.40 g/t Pt, with a subinterval of 3.85 g/t Pd and 1.68 g/t Pt over 0.60 metres.

On January 17, 2024 and March 22, 2024, the Company published the results of two short subsequent drilling campaigns:

- GR23-08 cut a net-texture zone grading 1.06% Ni over 5.60 metres including 1.61% Ni, 1.1 g/t Pt-Pd over 2.50 metres
- GR24-10A intersected a high-grade zone of 2.67% Ni, 2.32 g/t Pt-Pd over 2.90 metres
 - a. This included a subinterval of 4.08% Ni, 4.57 g/t Pt-Pd over 0.85 metres within a broader zone grading 1.19% Ni, 0.99 g/t Pt-Pd over 8.20 metres.

The three intercepts in holes 03, 08 and 10A represent the thickest, highest nickel-PGM mineralization ever drilled on the H1 mineralized horizon. The H1X Zone remains open at depth, below 250 metres from surface, and along strike for at least 500 metres.

a) Diamond Drilling

Following a review of historical drill core and data and with the new information gathered during the year, the Company's interpretation of the local geology is that high-grade nickel mineralization, in both H1 and H3, is hosted within sub-volcanic ultramafic conduits within the GUC. Moreover, the ultramafic hosts are in contact with sulphide-rich volcanics and sediments. This confirms that the ultramafic rocks were intruded within sulphide-rich volcanics, absorbing sulphur, which is an essential element for the precipitation of nickel in the magmatic nickel metallogenetic model.

A first drilling campaign was started in February 2023 and ended in July with Six holes being completed. The Grasset Deposit resources in H3 have a sub-vertical extension that have been drilled to a depth of 600 metres. In order to test the potential of the sub-vertical fertile conduit at depth, the Company attempted to drill two vertical pilot holes between H1 and H3 horizons with the objective of drilling branch holes at depth from each pilot hole, toward the two mineralized zones, by wedging and/or controlled directional drilling.

The first vertical pilot hole, GR23-01, was collared in early February 2023, with an ultimate vertical depth target of 1,500 meters. The objective of pilot hole GR23-01 was to initially utilize large loop, high power downhole electromagnetic surveying to generate drilling targets below the H1 and H3 zones that are more easily accessible with controlled directional drilling at depth. As GR23-01 encountered very difficult ground conditions, wedging or controlled drilling was impossible. The deviation of the hole through caving faults and very soft rock was too extensive to warrant continuing, and the decision to abandon the hole was made after reaching a depth of 446 metres.

A second pilot hole, GR23-02, was collared 130 metres southeast of GR23-01 with an 87-degree dip and a northwest azimuth, aligned to favour the natural deviation tendencies within the softer rock units. As with GR23-01, the objective of GR23-02 was to target potential zones of high-grade nickel mineralization beneath the thickest, richest part of the current mineral resource. GR23-02 also encountered very challenging ground conditions. Two caving faults were encountered, and the hole was deviating in the wrong direction. Due to these adverse conditions and the risk of losing the directional drilling device, the hole was abandoned at a depth of 874 metres.

NICKEL ASSETS (continued)

Hole GR23-03 was designed to test the H1 mineralized horizon approximately 350 metres south-east of the eastern limit of the defined mineral resource and at a vertical depth of about 300 metres. This hole was targeting the H1 horizon approximately 200 metres beneath historical hole GR-14-38 which intercepted 0.51% nickel over 4.51 metres, including 0.80% nickel over 1.07 metres. This intersection is within an interesting circular magnetic anomaly. GR23-03 intersected 1.82% Ni over 4.60 metres, including 5.75% Ni over 0.60 metres at a depth of 330 metres below surface. The 4.60 metre interval includes 0.95 g/t Pd and 0.40 g/t Pt, with a subinterval of 3.85 g/t Pd and 1.68 g/t Pt over 0.60 metres. This intercept represents the thickest, highest nickel sulphide mineralization intersected to date in the H1 Horizon.

This hole was successfully drilled into a large area that had seen little previous attention and the results clearly demonstrate the need for additional exploration on this high-grade nickel discovery.

Drill hole GR-23-04 was designed to test for an extension of the H3 mineralized horizon below the current resource ultimate depth of 350 metres within the middle of the deposit area. It was completed to a depth of 886 metres having crosscut both contacts of the main ultramafic rock units without any obvious visible massive sulphide mineralization, however, disseminated sulphides were observed over the expected intersection of the H3 and H1 Horizons with no values of interest. A high-powered, down-hole electromagnetic technique (Abitibi Geophysics InfiniTEM XL) was attempted but due to a downhole blockage, the survey could not be completed.

Hole GR23-05 was drilled to a final depth of 1,151.8 meters, testing the more prospective areas of the high-grade H3 and H1 Horizons at target depths up to 1,000 metres below surface. The target area is a step down of about 500 metres under the known H3 resources on section 6+00E where some of the best intersections are located. The objective was to test the potential at depth for another nickel lens along the fertile ultramafic conduit. At such a depth, a very large area could be investigated with the help of high-power, down-hole electromagnetic techniques. Disseminated sulphides were intersected where H3 and H1 were expected, indicating the proximity to a favourable environment hosting magmatic massive sulphides but contained no significant metal values. Down-hole EM was also completed on GR23-05 with no obvious conductors detected within the ultramafics.

Hole GR23-06 was designed to test a deep 3D magnetic anomaly situated below some interesting assay values closer to surface. Previous drilling in GR15-70 intersected 3.24%Ni over 2.17 metres and GR15-02 intersected 0.61%Ni over 2.3 metres. Hole GR23-06 was recollared due to issues while anchoring the casing and GR23-06A was drilled to intersect the same target and was drilled to a final depth of 1,104 metres. The expected and favourable lithologies were crossed and both the H3 and H1 horizons were intersected with only disseminated sulphides being intersected in the H3 horizon and no pentlandite visible in H1.

In November and December 2023, a short drilling campaign of two holes was completed on the depth extension of the high-grade mineralization of the newly discovered zone H1X cut in hole GR23-03. Hole GR23-07 intersected the H1 Horizon at a depth of 430 metres; 100 metres below the high-grade intercept of hole GR23-03. The northern contact of the ultramafics, where H1 mineralization is located, was strongly sheared and hosted a few metres of disseminated sulphides. Within 10 metres of the ultramafic contact the hole intersected 0.44 metres of massive sulphides grading 2.97% Ni and 4.1 g/t Pt-Pd within felsic volcanics. A massive sulphides intersection outside the ultramafic rocks is a first on the Grasset Property but it's not uncommon in other nickel mining camps like Sudbury or Norilsk.

Hole GR23-08 cut the H1 horizon 60 metres south-east of hole GR23-07, at a depth of 420 metres. It intersected a zone of mainly net texture sulphides that graded 1.06% Ni over 5.60 metres, including 1.61% Ni, 1.1 g/t Pt-Pd over 2.50 metres.

During winter 2023/2024, a third drilling campaign of three holes was performed on the property. Hole GR24-09 was designed to intersect the center of a conductive plate, N9, that was interpreted from a high-power, large loop InfiniTEM XL surface survey conducted in 2023. The N9 plate occupies an area of approximately 400 by 400 metres and ranges from a depth of 300 to 700 metres. The anomaly is located at the northern contact of an ultramafic sequence (interpreted from magnetic surveys). Due to technical difficulties, hole GR24-09 was unable to reach its target and following an unsuccessful attempt to wedge the hole at a depth of 336 metres, the decision was made to abandon the hole and move the drill rig to the Grasset Deposit for continued drilling of the H1X Discovery Zone. Notwithstanding the technical challenges, the N9 target remains a priority as it presents very similar characteristics to the S6 conductive plate that overlays the H1X Discovery Zone.

Hole GR24-10A intersected the H1X Zone 50 metres above and 50 metres southeast of hole GR23-08. It cut a high-grade zone of 2.67% Ni, 0.44% Cu, 2.32 g/t Pt-Pd over 2.90 metres, including a subinterval of 4.08% Ni, 0.98% Cu, 4.57 g/t Pt-Pd over 0.85 metres within a broader zone grading 1.29% Ni, 0.19% Cu, 1.08 g/t Pt-Pd over 7.20 metres. The mineralization is comprised of two zones of massive sulphides, (pyrrhotite and pentlandite) 0.25 and 0.35 metres thick, within a 2.90 metre section of net-texture mineralization. This is the first intersection demonstrating large, high-grade net-texture thickness within the H1X Discovery Zone.

NICKEL ASSETS (continued)

Hole GR24-11 was targeting the up-dip extension of the trend defined through the intersections of holes GR23-08 and GR23-03. Unfortunately, due to strong deviation, the hole cut the H1 Horizon 50 metres west of the target and intersected 0.41% Ni over 0.70 metres. As with hole GR23-07, the bottom contact of the ultramafic was strongly sheared with a small zone of disseminated sulphides.

High-grade nickel and PGM intersections which now define the newly discovered H1X Zone, clearly demonstrate the presence of a strong mineralizing system that remains open at depth below 250 metres in the southeast portion of the H1 Horizon. Grades and sulphides textures, observed at the bottom of the main ultramafic package, indicate the potential for these recent intersections to be at the fringe of a new high-grade-hosting ultramafic conduit.

b) Sonic Drilling

The Grasset Deposit is situated at the southeastern end of an underexplored 23-kilometre-long belt containing abundant and favourable ultramafic rocks. The property is completely covered by Quaternary glacial deposits, and devoid of any known outcrop. The thickness of the overburden varies from 60 to 90 metres in the south-east part of the property, and from 20 to 60 metres in the northwestern half. Such thick overburden renders the Grasset Deposit and other mineralization blind to conventional surface geochemical sampling techniques. A sonic orientation drill program was performed in Spring 2023 and was designed to sample the glacial till at the base of the overburden. In addition, the first few meters of the bedrock were core sampled in order to identify areas with underlying, geochemically anomalous, bedrock ultramafic rocks. This technique is commonly used with success in exploration campaigns for detecting mineral deposits under thick overburden.

A total of 15 sonic drill holes were completed as part of the 2023 orientation program. The thickness of the overburden is between 75 and 85 metres and mostly composed of sand and clay with local one-metre-thick horizons of silty clay and silt. The basal till, in the last 8 to 12 metres, was typically composed of sub-angular mafic and ultramafic clasts with some felsic clasts in a silty-sand matrix.

Sonic hole number 4, located just north of the H1 Horizon and directly northwest of the Grasset resources, shows a very high geochemical anomaly in the fines of the basal till. An assay of 352 ppm Ni was obtained in this hole, while the background in the other holes is between 4 and 61 ppm Ni. Copper and cobalt are also highly anomalous in hole number 4. It was demonstrated by Veillette et al. (2005)¹ that the oldest and main glacial movement in the Grasset property area was from southeast to northwest. These results confirm that basal till sampling will be a very useful technique, in conjunction with geophysics, for the search of hidden Ni-Cu-Co-Pt/Pd mineralization under thick overburden across the entire Grasset property. A reverse circulation and/or Sonic sampling program is recommended to cover the major parts of the interpreted ultramafic sequences on the property, particularly over the thickest part of the sequences.

c) Geophysical Surveys

The effectiveness of conventional geophysical approaches is hampered by multiple factors on the Grasset property, mainly: -the thick overburden; -multiple types of conductive stratigraphic rock units like graphitic mudstones and barren massive pyrite. NorthX management believes that the best potential is for deeper nickel sulphide targets along the fertile ultramafic conduit. In March 2023, the Company commenced deep penetration geophysical surveys over a large area covering the Grasset Deposit.

Abitibi Geophysics' InfiniTEM® XL system was chosen as one of the geophysical techniques to aid in exploration as it has one of the better performance measures in this type of challenging environment. In order to detect anomalous conductors (massive sulphides) at a depth of 500 to 1,000 metres, a 53-kilometre grid line area was cut to allow the installation of two 0.8 by 2.5 kilometre high-power fixed loops. Moreover, the same loops were used to perform high-power down-hole surveys. The InfiniTEM® XL surface survey was completed in August 2023.

¹ Veillette, J.J., Paradis, S.J., Buckle, J. 2005. Bedrock and Surficial Geology of the General Area Around Rouyn-Noranda, Quebec and Ontario. In: Bonham-Carter, G. (Ed.), Metals in the Environment Around Smelters at Rouyn-Noranda, Quebec, and Belledune, New Brunswick: Results and Conclusions of the GSC MITE Point Sources Project. Geological Survey of Canada, Bulletin 584, Natural Resources Canada, 1-16.

NICKEL ASSETS (continued)

With hole GR23-03 being drilled outside of the known mineralization, a downhole InfiniTEM® XL ("DHEM") geophysical survey was completed and results were released in a press release on August 17, 2023. The DHEM survey yielded three new highly conductive plates within the H1 Horizon at Grasset. The newly modelled plates begin 360 metres below surface and have not yet been drill tested. Conductivity measurements suggest semi-massive to massive pyrrhotite ($\pm$ pentlandite) may be the source of the conductive anomalies. The three large conductors contain known mineralized intercepts in their periphery but remain largely untested. The size of the three modelled DHEM anomalies suggests a much better continuity at depth when compared to the numerous small plates detected closer to surface. The results of this survey confirmed the excellent potential to intersect magmatic massive sulphides in an untested 500 by 600 metre (minimum) area under the GR23-03 intersection.

The entire Grasset property was covered by an airborne magneto-telluric survey conducted by Expert Geophysics Limited in 2023. The survey consisted of 781 line-kilometres of magneto-telluric (MT), magnetics (MAG), and Very Low Frequency Electromagnetic (VLF) over a 148 km² area, including the Grasset deposit sector. The purpose of the survey was to map bedrock structures and lithology, including possible alteration and mineralization zones reflected in the electrical resistivity and magnetic properties of the rocks. The data was processed to identify anomalous zones of MT resistivity (less than 600 Ohm-m) and residual magnetic field strength.

The resultant processed responses clearly identify the Grasset deposit and, more significantly, a large area just east of the Grasset deposit where coincident magnetic and low resistivity anomalous responses, with similar intensities as the Grasset deposit, have been delineated. Additionally, just north and west of the Grasset deposit, several MAG-MT anomalies occur in areas of sparse shallow historical drilling. Discrete coincident magnetic and low resistivity anomalies are also clustered farther west of the Grasset deposit area.

In the far north-west part of the property, an isolated VTEM anomaly was previously drilled by historical hole JER-15-04 that intersected ultramafic rocks with 3.5 metres of barren semi-massive sulphides (mainly pyrrhotite) at the south-west contact of the ultramafic rocks. The 2023 airborne MT survey detected a deeply buried (800-1,000m), wide, thick (300 to 600m) and isolated flat lying MT-Mag feature of 400 Ohm-m that dips up to the ultramafic intersection in hole JER15-04 (Figure 3). This large conductive zone is a very attractive target to follow-up given that the MT data strongly suggests that the conductive zone connects with the ultramafic rocks intersected in JER-15-04 that hosts 3.5 metres of magmatic semi-massive sulphides. A detailed ground MT survey is recommended to better define this deep anomaly before any further drilling in this area.

Exploration Cooperation Agreement

On November 18, 2022 the Company and Wallbridge entered into an exploration cooperation agreement (the "Exploration Cooperation Agreement") whereby Wallbridge was granted the right to explore certain portions of the Grasset Project for gold under certain circumstances. The Exploration Cooperation Agreement applies to approximately 7,515 hectares of the Grasset Project and excludes approximately 665 hectares of coverage over the Grasset Deposit. If the results from either Wallbridge's or NorthX's exploration work on the 7,515 hectares that are subject to the Exploration Cooperation Agreement (the "Gold Cooperation Area") establish a mineral resource that consists of primary gold mineralization, then the parties will form a joint venture in which NorthX will have a 30% interest and Wallbridge will have a 70% interest. If the results from Wallbridge's exploration work in the Gold Cooperation Area establish a mineral resource that consists of primary mineralization other than gold, then the parties will form a joint venture in which NorthX will have a 70% interest and Wallbridge will have a 30% interest. The purpose of any such joint ventures will be to explore, develop and operate such mineral resource. The Exploration Cooperation Agreement has a term of five years and is subject to earlier termination in certain circumstances.

Drone-Based Magnetic Survey

A drone-based magnetic survey was completed over the Grasset Project during January 2026 and covered approximately 15.3 km² and included 519.45 line-kilometres of magnetic data collected using a UAV-towed magnetometer system at a nominal survey height of 50 m, with traverse and tie line spacing of 40 m and 400 m, respectively. The survey identified several linear magnetic anomalies and broad magnetic highs interpreted to reflect lithological contacts and structural features prospective for mineralization. Results are being integrated with existing geological datasets to support target generation and follow-up exploration activities.

NICKEL ASSETS (continued)

Impairment Charge

During the period ended September 30, 2024, the Company identified an indicator of impairment related to the Grasset project since the previous reporting period, due to a change in the substantive expenditures budgeted for further exploration and evaluation activities in the medium term due to decreased availability of equity financing for Canadian-listed small-cap exploration and development companies. In accordance with the Company's accounting policy for mineral properties, exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized, and management applies judgment to assess whether indicators of impairment exist. This judgment includes considerations such as the period for which exploration rights are held, the likelihood of renewal of these rights, and the evaluation of exploration results. The revised budget for expenditures on the affected property, reflecting a reduction in future exploration and evaluation efforts, has triggered the impairment assessment for this property.

An impairment assessment was performed based on a recoverable amount valued at fair value less costs of disposal ("FVLCD"). The Company applied a discount to reflect the stage and quality of its assets and utilized multiple valuation techniques. Various market metrics for comparable junior nickel exploration and development companies with development-stage assets, along with the Company's market capitalization, were considered in determining the FVLCD. The valuation that was most representative of fair value was determined to be \$3,119,894 for Grasset. Management's estimate of recoverability is based on inputs which have a significant effect on fair value that are not directly observable from market data and is therefore classified within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. Key assumptions include a range of enterprise values per contained nickel tonne from \$20.47 to \$72.52, with an average of \$46.50 per contained nickel tonne of mineral resource, based on market comparables as of September 30, 2024. A \$5 to \$10 change in the enterprise value per contained nickel tonne would result in a change to the impairment charge ranging from \$335,500 to \$671,000. As a result, the Company recorded a non-cash impairment for the Grasset project of \$32,750,284 in the year ended December 31, 2024.

Northwestern Ontario

The Northwestern Ontario project is comprised of an interest in 3 properties including 587 unpatented mining claims. The Northwestern Ontario project has a total land area of land area of 128 km². Claims with a carrying value of \$nil have been classified to assets held for sale at March 31, 2026 (December 31, 2025 - \$nil). The remaining carrying value of \$246,875 relates to claims retained by the Company.

On December 21, 2023, the Company provided an update on its Summer 2023 field program at the Gargoyle Ni-Cu-Co project in the Lumby Lake Greenstone Belt.

The highlights are as follows:

- The Gargoyle property hosts a 10 kilometre long succession of favourable ultramafic rocks hosting numerous untested conductors
- Ni-Cu-Co sulphide mineralization has been traced across intermittent outcrops over a 1 kilometre strike length
- Four well-mineralized samples collected from two outcrops, contained anomalous nickel concentrations ranging from 0.54% to 0.76% nickel
- Memorandum of Understanding completed with Lac des Mille Lacs First Nations

The Company is also planning field surveys on its Gargoyle claim group in northwestern Ontario, part of the larger NW Ontario Project comprising the Gargoyle, Ghost, and Goblin properties. The property package is located within the Archean Lumby Lake greenstone belt near Thunder Bay, an underexplored belt prospective for magmatic nickel sulphide mineralization. Planned work will focus on follow-up evaluation of historic nickel showings and electromagnetic anomalies associated with ultramafic rocks on the Gargoyle block, including a 1 km long zone of outcropping nickel sulphide-bearing ultramafic rocks that has never been drill tested. Historic grab samples from the area returned nickel values ranging from 0.25% to 0.71% Ni with anomalous copper and cobalt values.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE

On December 18, 2024, the Company entered into a definitive asset purchase agreement to sell the property, assets, rights and obligations related to its Sudbury Properties which was comprised of Parkin, Sudbury West, Wahnapiatae and Wisner.

As the sale was considered highly probable at December 31, 2024, the assets and liabilities of the Sudbury Properties were classified as assets and liabilities (a disposal group) held for sale and presented separately under current assets and current liabilities, respectively, on the Company's Statement of Financial Position.

At December 31, 2024, the Sudbury Properties were stated at carrying value, which was determined to be the lower of carrying value and FVLCD, as follows:

	Note	December 31, 2024
		\$
Cash		18,370
Finance assurance for closure plan		481,629
Exploration and evaluation assets ⁽¹⁾		2,087,025
Property and equipment		68,685
Total assets held for sale		2,655,709
 Decommissioning and restoration provision		 2,655,709
Total liabilities held for sale		2,655,709

- (1) The exploration and evaluation assets included in the Sudbury Properties are certain claims relating to Wahnapiatae, Northwest Ontario and Ontario Other as well as claims relates to Parkin, Sudbury West and Wisner Properties. An impairment charge of \$486,889 was recognized on these properties to reflect the FVLCD in connection with the asset purchase agreement.

A summary of the Company's discounted liabilities for decommissioning and restoration provisions is as follows:

	\$
Balance, December 31, 2023	2,627,039
Change in decommissioning and restoration provision	508,881
Expenditures on Broken Hammer Project	(480,211)
Classified as held for sale	(2,655,709)
Balance, December 31, 2024 and 2025	-

As part of the acquisition of the Nickel Assets in 2022, the Company acquired the closure liability associated with the Broken Hammer Project closure activities. The Broken Hammer Project has been in a state of inactivity since 2015 and closure plan activities have been ongoing. On February 28, 2024 the Company posted an irrevocable standby letter of credit in the amount of \$481,629 in favour of the Ontario Ministry of Mines. Interest on the letter of credit is accrued at a rate of 0.15% monthly.

On July 21, 2025, the Company completed the sale of all property, assets, rights, and obligations related to its Sudbury Properties to Magna pursuant to the definitive asset purchase agreement dated December 18, 2024. As part of the transaction, Magna assumed all liabilities associated with the Sudbury Properties, including the Broken Hammer Project Mine Closure Plan. The Company paid \$500,000 to Magna in connection with this obligation. The Company also paid \$15,250 to Magna related to a contractual entitlement under the asset purchase agreement representing Magna's share of proceeds received by the Company on the sale of a property subject to a right of first refusal. Magna also assumed responsibilities related to joint venture operations, NSR royalty payments, and annual work commitments. On July 31, 2025, the irrevocable standby letter of credit in the amount of \$481,629, originally posted in favour of the Ontario Ministry of Mines on February 28, 2024, was fully released and returned to the Company following the completion of the sale to Magna.

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company made payments of \$nil (2025 - \$20,355) related to the Broken Hammer Project seasonal discharge and upon closing of the transaction with Magna, the Company paid \$138,131 to Magna for seasonal discharge costs incurred up to the closing date, which were the responsibility of the Company until that time. These amounts have been recognized as part of the loss on sale of assets for the year ended December 31, 2025.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company completed the sale of its 50% interest in the Capreol Joint Venture to Vale Canada Limited, which had previously been classified as held for sale. The sale of the Capreol Joint Venture resulted in a gain on disposal of \$30,500 recognized during the year ended December 31, 2025.

SHARE CAPITAL HIGHLIGHTS

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company completed no share capital transactions:

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company completed the following share transactions:

- On July 18, 2025, the Company satisfied the escrow release conditions related to the Offering. Upon release, the Company issued 26,000,000 Units and the net proceeds were partially applied to meet specific cash payment obligations associated with the Sudbury Properties transaction.
- On February 10, 2025, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 26,000,000 subscription receipts (each a "Subscription Receipt") at a price of \$0.05 per Subscription Receipt. Each Subscription Receipt will, subject to the fulfillment of certain escrow release condition, entitle the holder thereof, for no additional consideration, to receive one unit, with each Unit being comprised of one common share ("share") and one share purchase warrant ("warrant") with each warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one common share for a period of 36 months from the date of issuance at an exercise price of \$0.075 per warrant. The shares and warrants are subject to a 12 month hold from the date of issuance.
- On May 24, 2025, warrants to purchase 20,125 shares at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.96 expired unexercised.
- The Company issued 648,424, common shares pursuant to the settlement of omnibus awards and reclassified \$510,251 from the Company's contributed surplus to share capital.

USE OF PROCEEDS AND MILESTONES

On February 10, 2025, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 26,000,000 subscription receipts (each a "Subscription Receipt") at a price of \$0.05 per Subscription Receipt. Each Subscription Receipt will, subject to the fulfillment of certain escrow release condition, entitle the holder thereof, for no additional consideration, to receive one unit, with each Unit being comprised of one common share ("share") and one share purchase warrant ("warrant") with each warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one common share for a period of 36 months from the date of issuance at an exercise price of \$0.075 per warrant. The shares and warrants are subject to a 12 month hold from the date of issuance. The gross proceeds from the Offering ("escrowed funds") are being held in escrow. The Escrowed Funds are to be released immediately upon the satisfaction and delivery of notice thereof, amongst other things, of all conditions to the completion of the Company's proposed asset acquisition transaction with Magna Mining Inc.

On July 21, 2025, the Company satisfied the escrow release conditions ("release") related to its non-brokered private placement of 26,000,000 Subscription Receipts at a price of \$0.05 per Subscription Receipt for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,300,000. Upon release, the net proceeds were partially applied to meet specific cash payment obligations associated with the Sudbury Properties transaction. In connection with the release, the Company issued 26,000,000 Units, each unit comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant with each warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one common share for a period of 36 months from the date of issuance at an exercise price of \$0.075 per warrant. The shares and warrants are subject to a 12 month hold from the time of release.

The following table summarizes the Company's principal purposes, with approximate amounts, for which the proceeds will be used by the Company:

	July 18, 2025
	\$
Total proceeds	1,300,000
Allocation of proceeds:	
Corporate overhead, general working capital and reclamation costs	1,300,000

The Company successfully achieved its business objectives and milestones using proceeds from private placements, which were allocated toward corporate overhead, general working capital, and reclamation costs. These funds also enabled the Company to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet ongoing operating commitments and continue as a going concern, while supporting the planning and advancement of its exploration programs.

Considering the current uncertainty as to the general market and competitive conditions, the Company continues to maintain its fiscally responsible approach to its mineral exploration activities. In particular, the Company continues to evaluate market conditions on an ongoing basis, with the goal of, among other things: (i) identifying the appropriate time to initiate certain business objectives, and (ii) exploring potential alternative, viable opportunities to further develop and expand the Company's business.

USE OF PROCEEDS AND MILESTONES (continued)

The Company notes that there may be circumstances where, for sound business reasons, the Company may be required to reallocate funds, including due to demands for shifting focus or investment in mining exploration and/or development activities, requirements for accelerating, increasing, reducing, or eliminating initiatives in response to changes in market, regulations and/or developments in the mining sector generally and in the price of commodities, unexpected setbacks, and strategic opportunities, such as partnerships, strategic partners, joint ventures, mergers, acquisitions, and other opportunities.

The following table compares planned use of proceeds as disclosed (the "Planned Use") to the actual use of proceeds (the "Actual Use") of the February 10, 2025 Private Placement as at March 31, 2026:

Planned Use		Actual Use		Remaining	
Description	Amount	Description	Amount	Description	Amount
Corporate Overhead, General Working Capital and Reclamation Costs	\$1,300,000	Corporate Overhead, General Working Capital Property Maintenance and Reclamation Costs	\$425,192	Corporate Overhead, General Working Capital Property Maintenance and Reclamation Costs	\$874,808

The Private Placement closed in July 2025 and therefore there is a variation between the Planned Use and the Actual Use as of March 31, 2026. The Company does not expect such variance to impact its ability to achieve its business objectives and milestones. The Company continues to expect to use the net proceeds of the Private Placement in accordance with the Planned Use.

Upcoming Work - Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

The Company is focused on the advancement of its nickel sulphide properties within its portfolio. As of March 31, 2026, the Company had working capital of \$823,369. The Company intends to achieve the following business objectives during 2026.

- Engage in community consultations and future labour sourcing from the local Grasset and Ontario communities;
- Advance technical review of the extensive Grasset exploration database;
- Analyze geophysical data and further compile analysis of the Grasset property;
- Planning next phase of exploration activities at Grasset and Ontario properties.

OUTLOOK

The Company will continue to explore and develop its portfolio of Ni-Cu-Co-PGM properties in Quebec and Ontario. The Company's growth strategy is focused on the exploration and development of its nickel sulphide properties within its portfolio. NorthX's vision is to be a responsible nickel sulphide developer in stable pro-mining jurisdictions. NorthX is committed to socially responsible exploration and development, working safely, ethically, and with integrity.

The Company expects to obtain financing in the future primarily through further equity financing. There can be no assurance that the Company will succeed in obtaining additional financing, now or in the future. Failure to raise additional financing on a timely basis could cause the Company to suspend its operation and eventually to forfeit or sell its interest in its exploration and evaluation assets.

Exploration and evaluations expenditures

NorthX is an exploration stage company and engages principally in the exploration of resource properties. Once the legal right to explore a property has been acquired, costs directly related to exploration and evaluation expenditures are recognized and capitalized in the period in which they are incurred. These direct exploration and evaluation expenditures include such costs as acquisition costs, materials used, surveying costs, drilling costs and payments made to contractors.

NORTHX NICKEL CORP.**Management's Discussion and Analysis**

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

Exploration expenditures by project are presented in the following table:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Grasset		
Camp costs	11,951	734
Communications	672	672
Field and equipment	2,089	6,890
Geological consult	-	434
Geophysics	68,746	497
Property maintenance	8,747	6,010
Salaries and wages	(3,348)	4,455
Share based payments	3,016	15,465
Grasset Total	91,873	35,157
Quebec Other		
Property maintenance	709	-
Quebec Other Total	709	-
NW Ontario		
Property maintenance	-	1,938
NW Ontario Total	-	1,938
Ontario Other		
Camp costs	-	6,435
Property maintenance	-	7,079
Salaries and wages	-	29,788
Ontario Other Total	-	43,302
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	92,582	80,397

NORTHX NICKEL CORP.**Management's Discussion and Analysis**

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

A summary of the Company's results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Operating expenses		
Consulting fees	40,320	7,108
Depreciation	-	13
Filing fees	4,842	18,117
General and administrative	12,579	19,178
Management fees	30,600	210,826
Marketing	331	29,836
Professional fees	23,445	68,248
Property maintenance costs – held-for-sale assets	-	29,010
Share-based payments	5,550	42,314
	117,667	424,650
Other income (expenses)		
Foreign exchange	-	(12)
Interest expense	-	(22)
Interest income	4,743	23,416
Net loss and comprehensive loss	(112,924)	(401,268)

The Company reported a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$112,924 for the three months ended March 31, 2026 compared to a net loss of \$401,268 for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The primary drivers of this decrease in the net loss were as follows:

- General and administrative expenses decreased to \$12,579 compared to \$19,178 in the comparative period due to overall activity levels being reduced.
- Management fees decreased to \$30,600 compared to \$210,826 in the comparative period due to the reduction of certain advisory costs, as certain oversight functions were internalized and operations were streamlined to support a more focused management structure.
- Marketing fees decreased to \$331 compared to \$29,836 in the comparative period due to the reduction of marketing consultant costs, as workflows were internalized by management and initiatives were streamlined to enable a more focused allocation of resources.
- Professional fees decreased to \$23,445 compared to \$68,248 in the comparative period due to management's strategic focus, and overall activity levels were reduced.
- Share-based payments decreased to \$5,550 for the period, compared to \$42,314 in the prior year comparable period. The change primarily reflects the timing and vesting of stock options and restricted share units (RSUs) granted to officers and employees during the current and previous periods. The fair value of these awards was estimated using standard valuation models and includes assumptions such as expected volatility, risk-free interest rate, and expected life of the instruments.

NORTHX NICKEL CORP.**Management's Discussion and Analysis**

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following summarizes quarterly financial results of the Company for the last eight most recently completed quarters:

	Q1 2026	Q4 2025	Q3 2025	Q2 2025
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net loss and comprehensive loss	112,924	111,508	495,415	238,050
Basic and diluted loss per share	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
Working capital	823,369	1,019,891	1,013,030	220,754
Total assets	4,573,761	4,654,369	4,740,089	7,851,496
Total liabilities	118,677	94,927	102,838	4,056,214
Shareholders' equity	4,455,084	4,559,442	4,637,251	3,795,282
Deficit	44,713,553	44,600,629	44,489,121	43,993,706

	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net loss and comprehensive loss	401,268	868,657	33,905,429	460,962
Basic and diluted loss per share	0.01	0.10	1.19	0.02
Working capital	410,107	812,750	755,663	1,812,449
Total assets	6,738,217	7,150,650	8,095,672	41,395,891
Total liabilities	2,742,385	2,803,075	3,017,880	2,796,968
Shareholders' equity	3,995,832	4,347,575	5,077,792	38,598,923
Deficit	43,755,656	43,354,388	42,485,731	8,580,302

The quarterly trend in working capital is primarily driven by movements in cash from the Company's financing activities, corporate overhead, general working capital, reclamation costs and exploration and evaluation spending. The quarterly trend in total assets is primarily driven by the investment in exploration and evaluation assets from the capitalization of exploration and evaluation costs.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The preparation of the financial data is based on accounting principles and practices consistent with those used in the preparation of the audited financial statements as at December 31, 2025 and 2024.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses. Management continually evaluates these judgments, estimates and assumptions based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates and judgments which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities. The critical judgements and estimates applied in the preparation of the financial data are consistent with those used in the preparation of the audited financial statements as at December 31, 2025 and 2024.

NORTHX NICKEL CORP.**Management's Discussion and Analysis**

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025

LIQUIDITY, CAPITAL RESOURCES AND GOING CONCERN

The Company is in the exploration stage and therefore has no cash flow from operations. Its only source of funds since incorporation has been from the issuance of common shares, special warrants, and units. The Company is in the process of exploring mineral claims. The Company has not yet determined whether or when the claims could be economically viable.

As at March 31, 2026 the Company had cash of \$874,808 (December 31, 2025 - \$1,062,234) and current assets less current liabilities of \$823,369 (December 31, 2025 - \$1,019,891).

The Company's cash flows from operations are negative as it is an exploration stage company. During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company used cash of \$94,579 in operating activities (2025 - \$349,411) primarily due to management fees, professional fees, filing fees, marketing costs and general and administrative costs.

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company used cash of \$92,847 for investing activities (2025 - \$80,972), primarily related to expenditures on exploration activities during the period.

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company used cash of \$nil for financing activities (2025 - \$8,254) due to share issuance costs.

While the information in the financial statements has been prepared in accordance with IASB on a going concern basis, which presumes the realization of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future, there are conditions and events that cast significant doubt on the validity of this presumption. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon achieving profitable operations and upon obtaining additional financing. While the Company is making its best efforts in this regard, the outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements and does not contemplate having them in the foreseeable future.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party personnel are those who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling activities of the Company directly or indirectly. Related parties include the Board of Directors, officers, close family members and entities that are controlled by these individuals.

a) The Company had the following transactions with related party entities:

	Three months ended	
	2026	March 31, 2025
	\$	\$
Wallbridge Mining Company ⁽¹⁾	11,533	-
	11,533	-

- (1) Effective November 18, 2022, the Company entered into a sub-lease agreement with Wallbridge for a portion of their premises relating to the nickel assets acquired. The sub-lease agreement terminated on August 31, 2023. The Company also entered into a secondment agreement to provide the Company with Wallbridge personnel to work on the nickel assets on an as needed basis. The Company also pays Wallbridge for the use of Wallbridge accommodations at their Detour-Fenelon Gold Trend site facilities in the Northern Abitibi region of Quebec. At March 31, 2026, the Company had a payable to Wallbridge of \$nil (December 31, 2025 - \$5,306). Wallbridge and NorthX are also parties to an Investor Rights Agreement and Exploration Agreement.

These transactions were in the normal course of operations.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

b) Key management personnel

The Company's key management personnel are its directors and officers.

A summary of the Company's key management personnel remuneration is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Management and consulting fees	30,600	135,000
Share-based payments ⁽¹⁾	7,457	46,505
	38,057	181,505

(1) Share-based compensation expense are the fair value of options, RSUs, DSUs, granted and \$1,060 (2025 - \$3,180) was capitalized as exploration and evaluation assets.

As at March 31, 2026, accounts payable and accrued liabilities included \$39 (December 31, 2025 - \$5,306) payable to directors, officers and companies controlled or related to directors and/or officers. Amounts payable to related parties have no specific terms of repayment, are unsecured and do not bear interest.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

As at March 31, 2026 or the date of this MD&A, the Company had no proposed transactions.

OUTSTANDING SECURITY DATA

A summary of the number of the Company's issued and outstanding equity instruments is as follows:

	March 31, 2026	Date of this MD&A
	#	#
Common shares issued and outstanding ⁽¹⁾	55,281,013	55,281,013
Warrants	39,329,257	39,329,257
Stock options	1,398,234	1,398,234
Restricted stock units	408,144	408,144
Deferred stock units	697,916	697,916

(1) Authorized: Unlimited common shares without par value.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Fair value

As at March 31, 2026, the financial instruments such as cash, investments, and trade and other payables are classified and measured at amortized cost. The carrying value of cash, investments, and trade and other payables approximate the fair value due to the relatively short-term nature of these instruments.

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the Company by failing to discharge an obligation. Credit risk for the Company is associated with its cash. The Company has minimal exposure to credit risk on its cash as the Company's cash is held with major Canadian financial institutions.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. As at March 31, 2026, the Company had a cash balance of \$874,808 (December 31, 2025 - \$1,062,234) to settle current liabilities related to trade payables of \$118,677 (December 31, 2025 - \$94,927) and has assessed the liquidity risk as minimal.

d) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk on the basis that it does not hold any financial liabilities subject to variable interest rates.

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE FOR VENTURE ISSUERS WITHOUT SIGNIFICANT REVENUE

The significant components of operating expenses are included in the section Results of Operations. Significant components of mineral property expenditures are included in the section Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Company is available at www.sedarplus.ca and on the Company's website at <https://northxnickel.com/>

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

For a detailed listing of the risks and uncertainties faced by the Company, please refer to the Company's MD&A for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.